Geology SLOs

By the end of the course, students will be able to:

Geology - ADT

- 1. Apply the scientific method.
- 2. Describe the role agents of erosion plays in shaping the earth's surface.
- 3. Explain the relative motion between tectonic plates at each of the three types of plate boundaries.
- 4. Identify rocks and minerals based on their physical properties.
- 5. Recognize the magnitude of the geologic time scale.
- 6. Recognize the role of constructive and destructive forces in the shaping of the earth's surface.
- 7. Use topographical maps to interpret the earth's surface.

GEOL100 - Natural History of Southern California

- 1. Identify major rock types observed during field trips.
- 2. Identify topographic and geologic features during field trips.
- 3. Show basic knowledge of geologic processes, structure, and history of field trip areas.
- 4. Relate plate tectonic processes to geology of field trip areas.

5. Describe the major weathering and erosional processes operating in field trip areas.

GEOL101 - Physical Geology

- 1. Apply the terms stress, deformation or vulcanism, and plate boundary to describe the tectonic evolution of a specific mountain range (i.e. the Sierra Nevadas).
- Compare and contrast the physical characteristics of each of the 3 types of stream channels.
- 3. Explain how specific agents of mechanical and chemical weathering can weaken and break-down.
- 4. Describe the differences between constructive and destructive geologic forces and provide a specific example of each.
- 5. Use physical properties (hardness, cleavage, streak, heft, etc.) to identify minerals.
- 6. Describe the relative movement of tectonic plates at each of the 3 types of plate boundaries.
- 7. Describe the eruptive and physical characteristics of the 3 types of volcanoes.
- 8. Use texture and composition to identify rocks.

GEOL102 - Physical Geology Lecture

- 1. Describe the eruptive and physical characteristics of the 3 main types of volcanoes.
- 2. Describe the differences between constructive and destructive geologic forces and provide a specific example of each.
- 3. Explain how specific agents of mechanical and chemical weathering can weaken and break-do.



- 4. Compare and contrast the physical characteristics of each of the 3 types of stream channels.
- 5. Describe the relative movement of tectonic plates at each of the 3 types of plate boundaries.

GEOL102L – Physical Geology Laboratory

- 1. Use topographic maps as a tool to locate landmarks, interpret topographic and geologic erosional and depositional landforms.
- 2. Identify different forms of mass wasting and determine the trigger for the mass wasting.
- 3. Use physical properties (hardness, cleavage, streak, heft, etc.) to identify minerals.
- 4. Use texture and composition to identify rocks.
- 5. Locate the epicenter of an earthquake using seismogram records.

Source: Cerritos College